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## Spatial Econometrics: Problem Set 2

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### 1 THEORY

1. (Moments of the SAC Model) Consider the following SAC model:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{y} &= \rho \mathbf{W}\mathbf{y} + \mathbf{X}\boldsymbol{\beta} + \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} &= \lambda \mathbf{M}\mathbf{u} + \boldsymbol{\varepsilon} \\ \boldsymbol{\varepsilon} &\sim N(\mathbf{0}, \mathbf{I}_n \sigma_\varepsilon^2) \end{aligned} \tag{1.1}$$

Derive  $\mathbb{E}(\mathbf{y}|\mathbf{W}, \mathbf{M}, \mathbf{X})$ ,  $\text{Var}(\mathbf{y}|\mathbf{W}, \mathbf{M}, \mathbf{X})$ ,  $\mathbb{E}(\mathbf{u}|\mathbf{W}, \mathbf{M}, \mathbf{X})$  and  $\text{Var}(\mathbf{u}|\mathbf{W}, \mathbf{M}, \mathbf{X})$ . What do you conclude?

2. (Singularity) Show the following. If  $\mathbf{W}$  is row normalized,  $(\mathbf{I}_n - \rho \mathbf{W})$  is singular at  $\rho = 1$ .
3. (Marginal Effects) Consider the following model:

$$\mathbf{y} = \mathbf{X}\boldsymbol{\beta} + \rho_1 \mathbf{W}_1 \mathbf{y} + \rho_2 \mathbf{W}_2 \mathbf{y} + \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}$$

where  $\mathbf{W}_1$  and  $\mathbf{W}_2$  are weighting matrices. Assuming typical conditions, give expression for the marginal effects.

4. (Direct and indirect effects in spatial models) Assume 3 regions with the following row-normalized spatial weight matrix

$$\mathbf{W}^s = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ w_{21} & 0 & w_{23} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{1.2}$$

Derive the Total Direct and Total Indirect Effects for the following models:

a) Spatial Durbin Model given by:

$$\mathbf{y} = \rho \mathbf{W}\mathbf{y} + \alpha \mathbf{1}_n + \mathbf{X}\boldsymbol{\beta} + \mathbf{W}\mathbf{X}\boldsymbol{\theta} + \boldsymbol{\varepsilon} \quad (1.3)$$

b) Spatial Lag Model given by:

$$\mathbf{y} = \rho \mathbf{W}\mathbf{y} + \alpha \mathbf{1}_n + \mathbf{X}\boldsymbol{\beta} + \boldsymbol{\varepsilon} \quad (1.4)$$

c) Spatial Durbin Error Model given by:

$$\mathbf{y} = \alpha \mathbf{1}_n + \mathbf{X}\boldsymbol{\beta} + \mathbf{W}\mathbf{X}\boldsymbol{\theta} + \mathbf{u} \quad (1.5)$$

$$\mathbf{u} = \lambda \mathbf{W}\mathbf{u} + \boldsymbol{\varepsilon} \quad (1.6)$$

d) OLS given by:

$$\mathbf{y} = \alpha \mathbf{1}_n + \mathbf{X}\boldsymbol{\beta} + \boldsymbol{\varepsilon} \quad (1.7)$$

e) Spatial Error model given by:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{y} &= \alpha \mathbf{1}_n + \mathbf{X}\boldsymbol{\beta} + \mathbf{u} \\ \mathbf{u} &= \lambda \mathbf{W}\mathbf{u} + \boldsymbol{\varepsilon} \end{aligned} \quad (1.8)$$

5. (Marginal Effects) Consider your results for the SLM and SDM models from previous question. Show that for the SLM model the ratio between the indirect and the direct effect of a particular explanatory variable is independent of  $\beta_k$ . Show that this is not the case for the SDM model. What do you conclude?
6. (Sign of Total Effects) Recall that if the row-sums of  $\mathbf{W}$  is less than or equal to one and  $\rho$  is in the proper parameter space, i.e.,  $\rho < 1$ , the total average effect for variable  $r$  can be computed as  $\beta_r/(1 - \rho)$ . What is the sign of the parameter that matters the most when calculating the sign of the total effect? Does the  $\rho$  or  $\beta_r$ ?