
Econometrics: Problem Set 3

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This homework is due on 26th, April at 18:00 hrs. Please, write your answers clearly.

1 THEORY

1. (Uniform Distribution) Let X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n be a sequence of random variable distributed iid $U(0, \theta)$, with θ unknown. Let $\hat{\theta}_n = 2\bar{X}$, where $\bar{X} = (1/n) \sum_{i=1}^n X_i$. (Hint: If $x \sim U(a, b)$, then $\mathbb{E}(x) = (1/2)(a + b)$ and $\text{Var}(x) = (1/12)(b - a)^2$)
 - a) Is $\hat{\theta}_n$ unbiased?
 - b) Find $\text{Var}(\hat{\theta}_n)$.
 - c) Show that $\hat{\theta}_n - \theta = o_p(1)$.

2. (Consistency under other assumptions) Show the following. Suppose:

- a) $y_i = \mathbf{x}_i' \boldsymbol{\beta}_0 + \epsilon_i$, $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$; $\boldsymbol{\beta}_0 \in \mathbb{R}^K$;
- b) $\mathbf{X}' \boldsymbol{\epsilon} / n \xrightarrow{a.s.} \mathbf{0}$;
- c) $\mathbf{X}' \mathbf{X} / n \xrightarrow{a.s.} \mathbf{M}$; finite and positive definite.

Then $\hat{\boldsymbol{\beta}}_n$ exists for all n sufficiently large *a.s.*, and $\hat{\boldsymbol{\beta}}_n \xrightarrow{a.s.} \boldsymbol{\beta}_0$.

3. (Distribution of another estimator) Consider the following model with a iid sample:

$$\begin{aligned}
 y_i &= x_i \beta_0 + \epsilon_i, & x_i \in \mathbb{R}, \beta_0 \in \mathbb{R} \\
 \mathbb{E}(\epsilon_i | x_i) &= 0 \\
 \Omega_0 &= \mathbb{E}(x_i^2 \epsilon_i^2)
 \end{aligned}$$

Let $\hat{\beta}$ be the OLS estimate of β_0 with residuals $\hat{\epsilon}$. Now, consider the following two estimates of Ω_0 :

$$\tilde{\Omega} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 \epsilon_i^2$$

$$\hat{\Omega} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 \hat{\epsilon}_i^2$$

- Find the asymptotic distribution of $\sqrt{n}(\tilde{\Omega} - \Omega_0)$. What assumptions do you need about the moments of x_i and ϵ_i ?
- Find the asymptotic distribution of $\sqrt{n}(\hat{\Omega} - \Omega_0)$.
- How do you use the assumption $E(\epsilon_i|x_i) = 0$ in your answer in (b)?
- (WLS) Consider the model $y_i = \mathbf{x}'_i \beta_0 + \epsilon_i$, with $\mathbb{E}(\mathbf{x}_i \cdot \epsilon_i) = \mathbf{0}$. For a positive function $w(\mathbf{x})$, let $w_i = w(\mathbf{x}_i)$. Consider the estimator:

$$\tilde{\beta} = \left(\sum_{i=1}^n w_i \mathbf{x}_i \mathbf{x}'_i \right)^{-1} \left(\sum_{i=1}^n w_i \mathbf{x}_i y_i \right)$$

Is $\tilde{\beta}$ consistent for β_0 . If not, under what assumption is $\tilde{\beta}$ consistent for β_0 ? List all the additional assumptions you had to make.

- (Constraint OLS and Large Sample Properties) Consider the model $y_i = x_{1i}\beta_1 + x_{2i}\beta_2 + \epsilon_i$ such that $\mathbb{E}(\mathbf{x}_i \cdot \epsilon_i) = \mathbf{0}$, with n observations. Consider the restriction

$$\frac{\beta_1}{\beta_2} = 2 \tag{1.1}$$

- Please find an explicit expression for the constrained least squares estimator $\tilde{\beta} = (\tilde{\beta}_1, \tilde{\beta}_2)$ of β_0 under the restriction 1.1. (Hint: find a way of inserting 1.1 into the true model and find the estimator using the usual OLS formula for the estimators).
- Derive the asymptotic distribution of $\tilde{\beta}_1$ under the assumption that 1.1 is true. List all the additional assumptions you had to make.